## 诗歌选集第 071 首

071 【听阿,天使高声唱】

## Listen to Midi

- (一) 听阿,天使高声唱:「荣耀归给新生王!恩典临地平安到,神人此后能和好。」兴起!地上万国民,响应天上赞美声;天唱地和乐欢腾,基督降生伯利恆。天唱地和乐欢腾,基督降生伯利恆。
- (二)基督本有神形像,基督原是永远王,竟在末世从天降,生于童女成人狀;神性穿上 血肉体,道成肉身何奧祕,甘愿作人同人住,以马內利是耶稣。甘愿作人同人住,以马 內利是耶稣。
- (三)欢迎,天來和平王!欢迎,公义的太阳!带來生命与亮光,使人复活,医人伤;虚己,撇下祂荣光,降生救人免死亡,降生使人得重生,降生使人能高升。降生使人得重生,降生使人能高升。
- (四)万国「羨慕」万民「望」,愿祢安家我心房;女人后裔 -得胜者,在我里面毀古蛇; 亚当旧样全除尽,祢的形像将我印;末后亚当已降临,借爱将我全复兴。末后亚当已降 临,借爱将我全复兴。
- (1) Hark! The herald angels sing," glory to the new-born King; peace on earth, and mercy mild; God and sinners reconciled." Joyful, all ye nations, rise, join the triumph of the skies; with angelic hosts proclaim," Christ is born in Bethlehem." With angelic hosts proclaim," Christ is born in Bethlehem."
- (2) Christ, by highest heav'n adored, Christ, the everlasting Lord: late in time behold Him come, offspring of a virgin's womb. Veiled in flesh the Godhead see, hail th 'incarnate Deity! Pleased as man with man to dwell, Jesus our Emmanuel. Pleased as man with man to dwell, Jesus our Emmanuel.
- (3) Hail the heav'n-born Prince of peace! hail the Sun of righteousness! light and life to all He brings, ris'n with healing in His wings: mild He lays His glory by, born that man no more may die; born to raise the sons of earth; born to give

them second birth.born to raise the sons of earth; born to give them second birth.

(4) Come, Desire of nations, come! fix in us Thy humble home: rise, the woman's conjuring seed,bruise in us the serpent's head;Adam's likeness now efface,stamp Thine image in its place: final Adam from above, reinstate us in Thy love. final Adam from above, reinstate us in Thy love.

查理卫斯理 Charles Wesley 1708-1788 年,他是卫理公会的创办人之一,也是世界最伟大的圣诗作家之一,可与有《英国圣诗之父》之称的以撒华滋 Isaac Watts,一样佔有相当重要的地位,人们喜欢将这两位重量級人物相提并论,但这两位的作品无论在性质方面、数量方面都有所不同,以撒华滋注重理性、客观,而且多属译述之作;但查理卫斯理却较偏爱感性、主观,而且纯是自己创作。以撒华滋作品约六百馀首,而查理卫斯理却写了六千多首

(四千多首已出版,还有两千多首的遗稿尚未发表)。 在他众多作品当中,其中不乏许多伟大的代表作,而其中这首大家所喜爱的圣诞歌曲,竟成了英国圣诗四大傑作之一,甚至在他作品中唯一编入英国圣公会公祷书内的一首圣诗,《公祷书 The Book of Common Prayer》 是普世圣公会每日应用的祈祷用书,故若能编入当中,其价值一定很高,直到如今,每逢圣诞节这首诗歌依然是不断的被吟唱。这首诗,一直被唱了一百二十年,却仍然沒有固定的曲调,直到 1855 年时才被 Dr. Cummings 从德国有名的音乐家孟德尔颂 Festgesang 之作品中,摘用其中的一段作为该诗曲调,所以后來的人才比较有统一的唱法,因此目前所採用的通用调便称为"孟德尔颂

(Mendelssohn)了,这是孟氏 1840 年时为了庆祝印刷术的流传而创作的名曲,但是当他完成这首作品时,就曾经表示:此曲、将会受到听众很大的欢迎,但它永远不适用于圣诗。然而事实证明,此曲轻快活泼而且能夠振奋人心的特色,将圣诞的气氛完全表现出來,这些优点是孟氏当初所没有想到的。